The Mechanistic Basis for Electronic Effects on Enantioselectivity in the (salen)Mn(III)-Catalyzed Epoxidation Reaction

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Michael Palucki, Nathaniel S. Finney, Paul J. Pospisil, Mehmet L. Güler, Toyohisa Ishida, and Eric N. Jacobsen*

Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology,

Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138

General Procedure for the Preparation of the Ligand Precursors to 2: (R,R)-2,2'-[(1,2-Diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]-bis[4-methoxy-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 2a) To a solution of diphenylethylenediamine (356 mg, 2.00 mmol) in 10 mL of EtOH was added a solution of 3-*t*-butyl-5-methoxysalicylaldehyde (832 mg, 4.00 mmol) in 10 mL of EtOH. The resulting yellow solution was heated to reflux for 1 hour and the heating bath removed. Upon standing overnight, a yellow crystals formed which was collected and washed with cold 70% EtOH to yield the title compound (1.12 g, 95% yield). IR (KBr) 2984, 1595, 1456, 1429, 1333, 1236, 1150, 1059, 839 cm⁻¹; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.41 (s, 18H), 3.65 (s, 6H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 6.46 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (m, 10H), 8.32 (s, 2H), 13.40 (s, 2H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 29.2, 34.9, 55.5, 80.1, 111.5, 117.7, 118.6, 127.5, 127.9, 128.3, 138.7, 139.3, 151.1, 154.7, 166.7; mp 84-86 °C. Anal. calc'd. for (C₃₈H₄₄N₂O₄) C, 77.00; H, 7.48; N, 4.73; found: C, 76.72; H, 7.55; N, 4.59.

(R,R)-2,2'-[(1,2-Diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)] bis[4-methyl-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 2b) The general procedure was followed on 5 mmol scale.

After the reflux period, the volume of the reaction mixture was reduced to 25 mL by distillation and water (5 mL) was then added. Upon cooling to room temperature, a yellow precipitate formed which was collected to yield the title compound (2.67 g, 95% yield). IR (KBr) 2952, 2870, 1630, 1441, 1211, 1165, 1022, 864 cm⁻¹; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (s, 18H), 2.17 (s, 6H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 6.76 (d, J= 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 10H), 8.29 (s, 2H), 13.52 (s, 2H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 20.5, 29.4, 34.7, 80.2, 118.2, 126.5, 127.4, 128.0, 128.3, 130.0, 130.6, 136.7, 139.5, 157.9, 166.9; mp 137-138 °C. Anal. calc'd. for ($C_{38}H_{44}N_2O_2$) C, 81.39; H, 7.91; N, 5.00; found C, 81.44; H, 7.93; N, 4.96.

(*R,R*)-2,2'-[(1,2-Diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)] bis[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 2c) The general procedure was followed on 1 mmol scale. Water (5 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The oil that separated solidified upon standing. Recrystallization from MeOH/H₂O afforded 485.8 mg (0.910 mmol, 91% yield) of the title compound, mp 117-117.5 °C. IR (KBr) 2957, 1618, 1483, 1433, 1389, 1306, 1198, 1144, 1028, 847, 770, 750, 702 cm⁻¹; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (s, 18H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 6.69 (t, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.19 (m, 10H), 7.24 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.33 (s, 2H), 13.80 (s, 2H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 29.3, 34.8, 80.1, 117.8, 118.5, 127.5, 127.9, 128.3, 129.6, 130.1, 137.0, 139.4, 160.2, 166.8. Anal. calc'd. for $C_{36}H_{40}N_2O_2$) C, 81.17; H, 7.60; N, 5.26; found C, 81.17; H, 7.60; N, 5.25.

(*R,R*)-2,2'-[(1,2-Diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)] bis[4-chloro-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 2d) The general procedure was followed on 5 mmol scale. Water (10 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, and the resulting solid was collected by filtration. Recrystallization from 80% EtOH afforded 2.786 g of the title compound (4.65 mmol, 93% yield), mp 89-91 °C. IR (KBr) 2957, 1628, 1580, 1453, 1431, 1271, 1175, 1028, 870 cm⁻¹; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (s, 18H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 2H), 7.17-7.26 (m, 12H), 8.22 (s, 2H), 13.75 (s, 2H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 29.0, 35.0, 80.0, 119.0, 122.6, 127.8, 127.9, 128.5, 128.7, 129.9, 138.8, 139.5, 158.8, 165.8. Anal. calc'd. for $C_{36}H_{38}Cl_2N_2O_2$) C, 71.87; H, 6.37; N, 4.66; found C, 71.81; H, 6.37; N, 4.73.

(R_r)-2,2'-[(1,2-cyclohexandiyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-chloro-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 3d). To a solution of (R_r)-cyclohexanediamine-mono-(+)-tartrate salt¹ (68.4 mg, 0.269 mmol) in 10 mL of EtOH and 1 mL of H₂O was added K₂CO₃ (71.5 mg, 0.517 mmol) and 3-t-butyl-2-hydroxy-5-chlorobenzaldehyde (110 mg, 0.517 mmol). The resulting yellow mixture heated at reflux for 1 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvents removed under vacuum to afford a yellow slurry. Distilled water (15 mL) was added, and the resulting yellow precipitate was isolated by filtration, dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL), washed sequentially with brine (20 mL) and water (20 mL), and dried over Na₂SO₄. The drying agent removed by filtration and 595 mg of product (85% yield) was isolated as a yellow powder after removal of the solvent. IR (CCl₄) 2957, 2943, 1632, 1432, 1202, 1175, 871 cm⁻¹; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.40-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.88-2.00 (m, 6H), 3.31 (dd, J = 4.0, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 8.17 (s, 2H), 13.8 (s, 2H). 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 24.2, 29.1 32.8, 35.0, 72.3, 119.1, 122.5, 128.5, 129.5, 139.4, 158.9, 164.5. This material was used without further purification.

(*R,R*)-2,2'-[(1,2-cyclohexandiyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-nitro-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenol] (ligand precursor to 3e) To a solution of (*R,R*)-cyclohexanediamine-mono-(+)-tartrate salt (315 mg, 1.19 mmol) in 75 mL of EtOH and 5 mL of H₂O was added K₂CO₃ (328 mg, 2.38 mmol) and the mixture heated at 50 °C for 10 min. 3-*t*-Butyl-2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzaldehyde (2.38 mmol) was then added to the solution and resulting yellow mixture heated at reflux for 30 minutes. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvents removed under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in 100 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and washed with 100 mL of brine, 100 mL H₂O and dried over Na₂SO₄. The drying agent removed by filtration and the product (595 mg, 85% yield) was isolated as a yellow powder after removal of the solvent. IR (CCl₄) 2945, 1636, 1616, 1483, 1329, 1286, 1110, 784 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (s, 18H), 1.50-1.56 (m,

⁽¹⁾ Larrow, J. R.; Jacobsen, E. N.; Gao, Y.; Hong, Y; Nie, X.; Zepp, C. M. J. Org. Chem. 1994, 59 1938.

2H), 1.80 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 1.96-2.11 (m, 4H), 3.46-3.49 (m, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 8.15 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H), 8.35 (s, 2H), 12.6 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 24.0, 28.8, 32.5, 35.2, 71.3, 116.8, 125.0, 126.1, 138.7, 139.6, 164.5, 167.1. HRMS (FAB) m/z: calc'd (C₂₈H₃₆N₄O₆) 525.273 (M+H⁺), found 525.2717.

Chloro-(*R*,*R*)-[[2,2'-[(1,2-cyclohexandiyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis[4-Nitro-6-(1,1-dimethyl ethyl)phenolato]]-*N*,*N'O*,*O'*]manganese(III) (3e). A 3 necked round bottom flask equipped with a reflux condenser, addition funnel and glass stopper was charged with the salen ligand (0.209 g, 0.400 mmol) and 20 mL of EtOH. The mixture was heated to reflux and a solution of Mn(OAc)₂·4 H₂O dissolved in 2 mL of 50% EtOH/ H₂O was added whereupon the solution immediately turned brown. After refluxing for 30 minutes, 1 mL of brine was added and the resulting solution refluxed for an additional 30 minutes. After cooling to room temperature, the solvents were removed and 50 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added. The solution was then washed with 50 mL of brine followed by 50 mL of H₂O and then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Removal of the drying agent followed by concentration of the filtrate resulted in a brown powder which was chromatographed (5% EtOH/CH₂Cl₂) affording the product (0.220 g, 90% yield). IR (CCl₄) 2955, 1628, 1598, 1565, 1510, 1330, 1311, 1296, 1271, 1116, 706, 698, 690 cm⁻¹; mp > 400 °C. HRMS (FAB) *m/z*: calc'd (C₂₈H₃₄ClMnN₄O₆) 577.1859 (M-Cl⁺), found 577.1849.